



Institute of Earth Sciences



הקרן הלאומית למדע
المؤسسة الإسرائيلية للعلوم
Israel Science Foundation



האוניברסיטה העברית בירושלים
THE HEBREW UNIVERSITY OF JERUSALEM

High-Resolution Projections of Wind Energy Potential for Sustainable Planning in the Eastern Mediterranean

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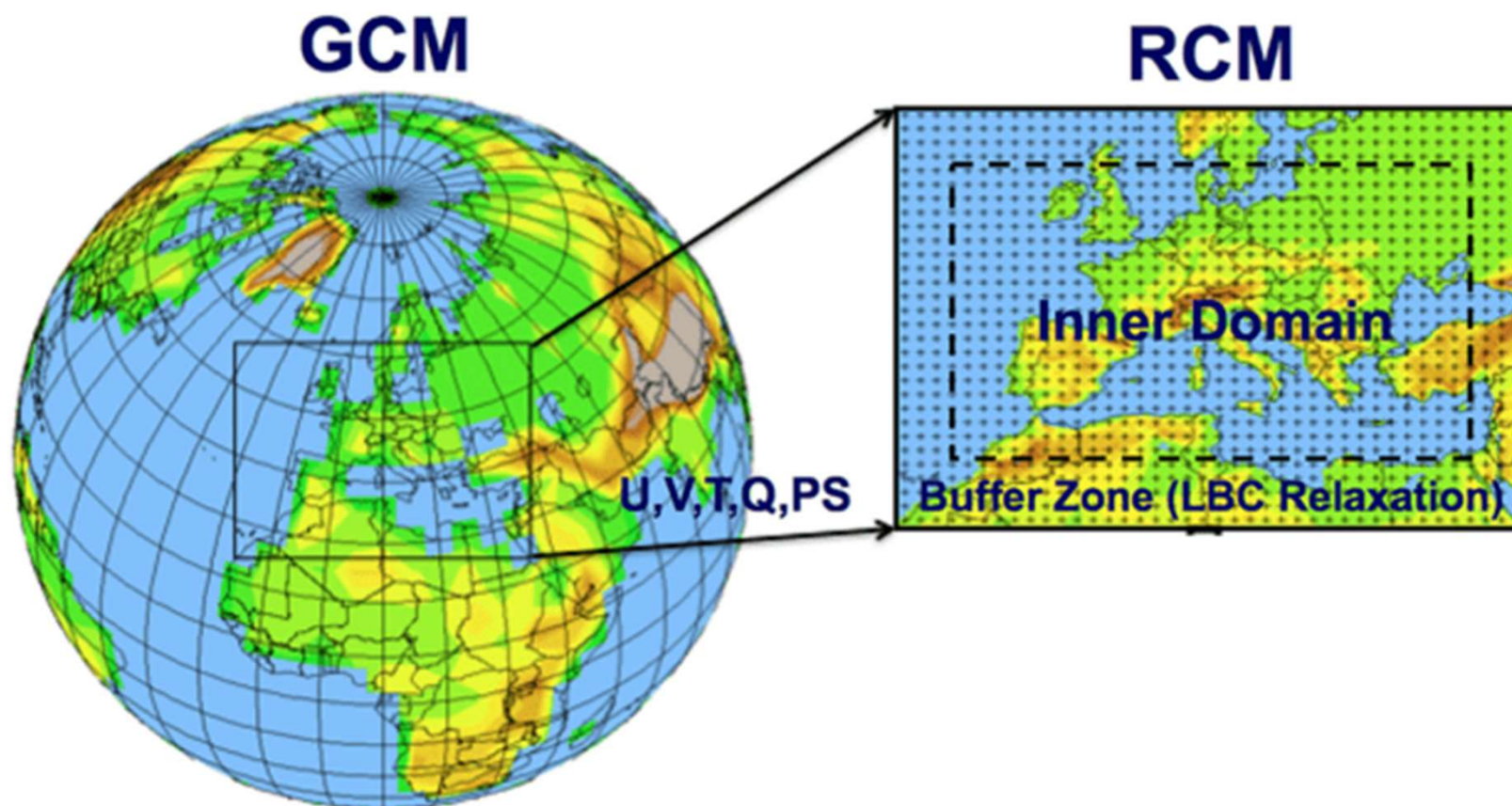


1. Motivation

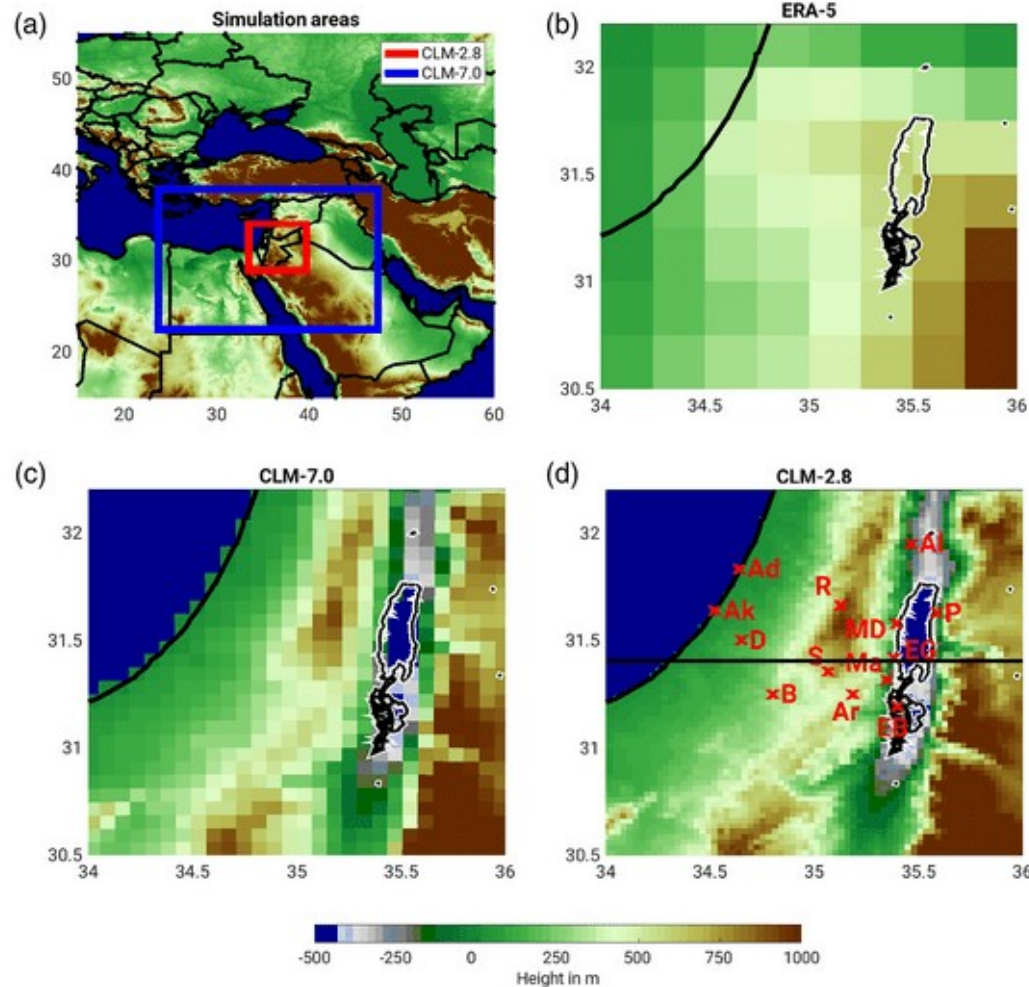


- The extreme summer heat in the Middle East poses significant societal challenges, but winds help mitigate heat stress.
- Understanding and predicting Middle Eastern summer winds are critical not only for mitigating heat stress but also for advancing wind energy.

1. Dynamical downscaling

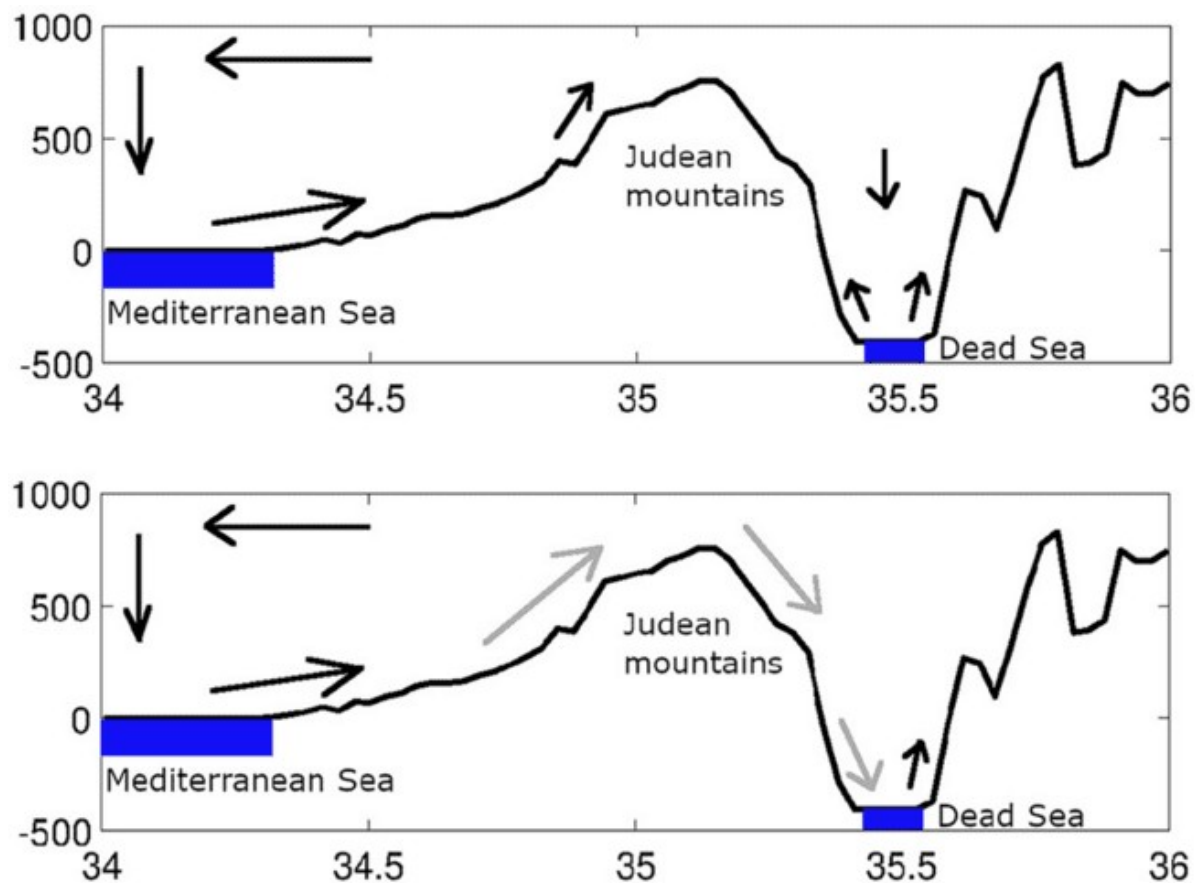


1. Convection-permitting simulations



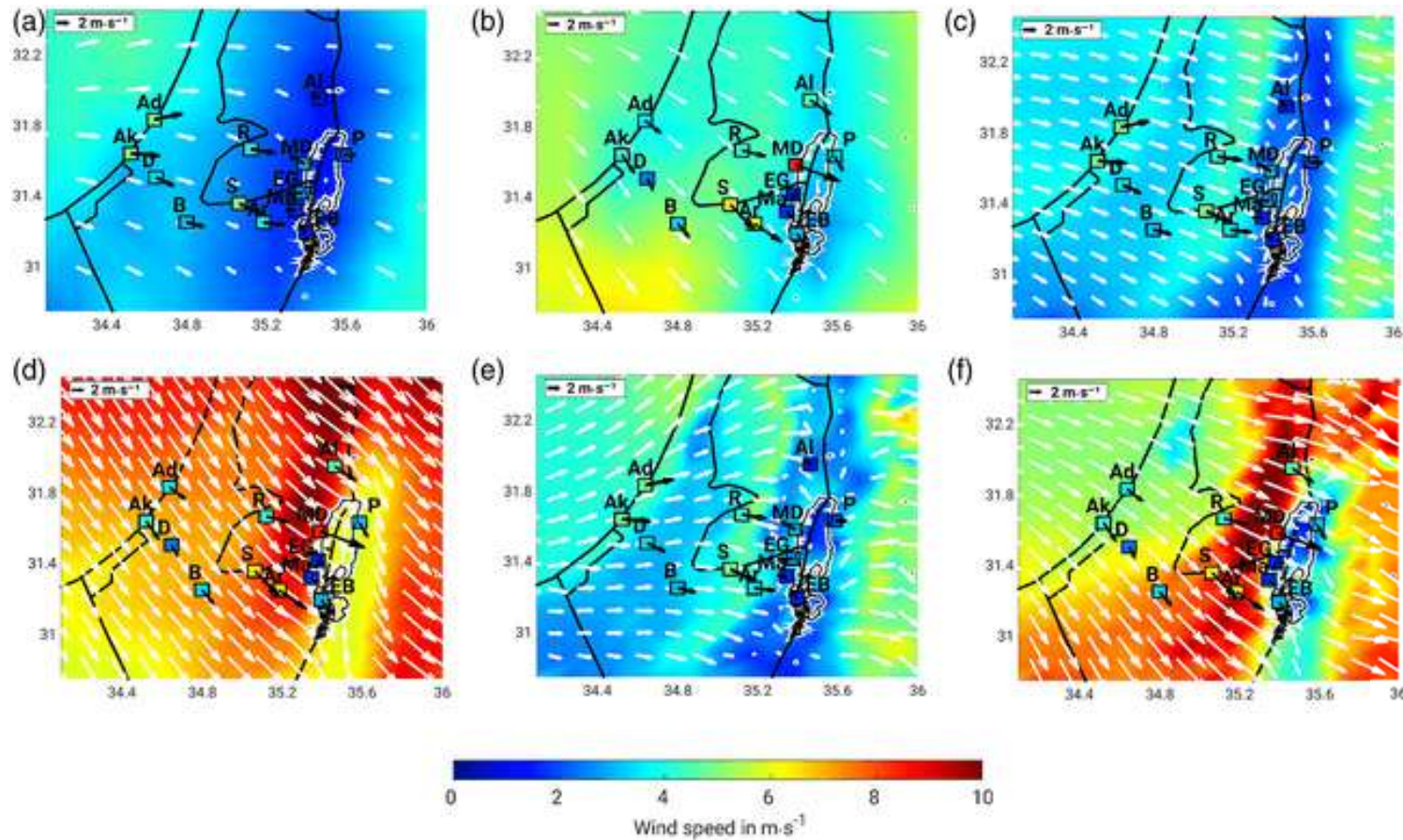
Latt et al. (2022)

1. Complex topography and interacting wind systems



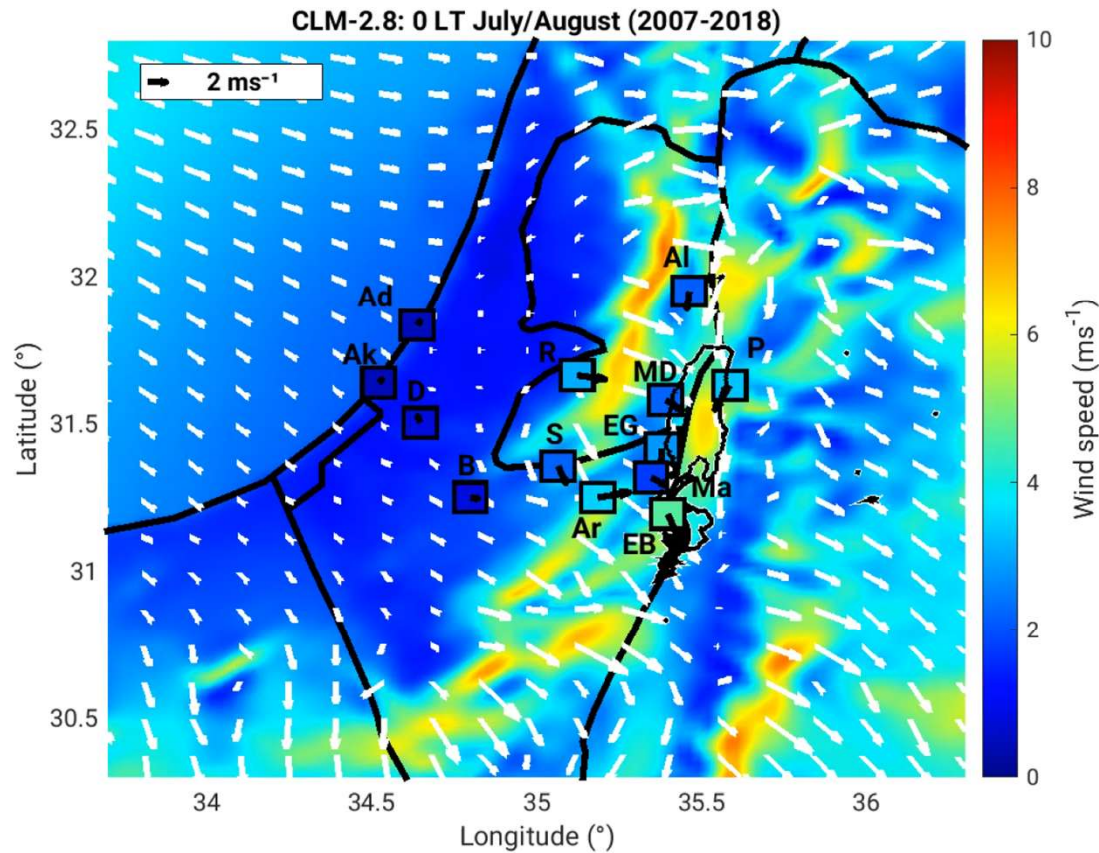
Latt et al. (2022)

1. Model evaluation



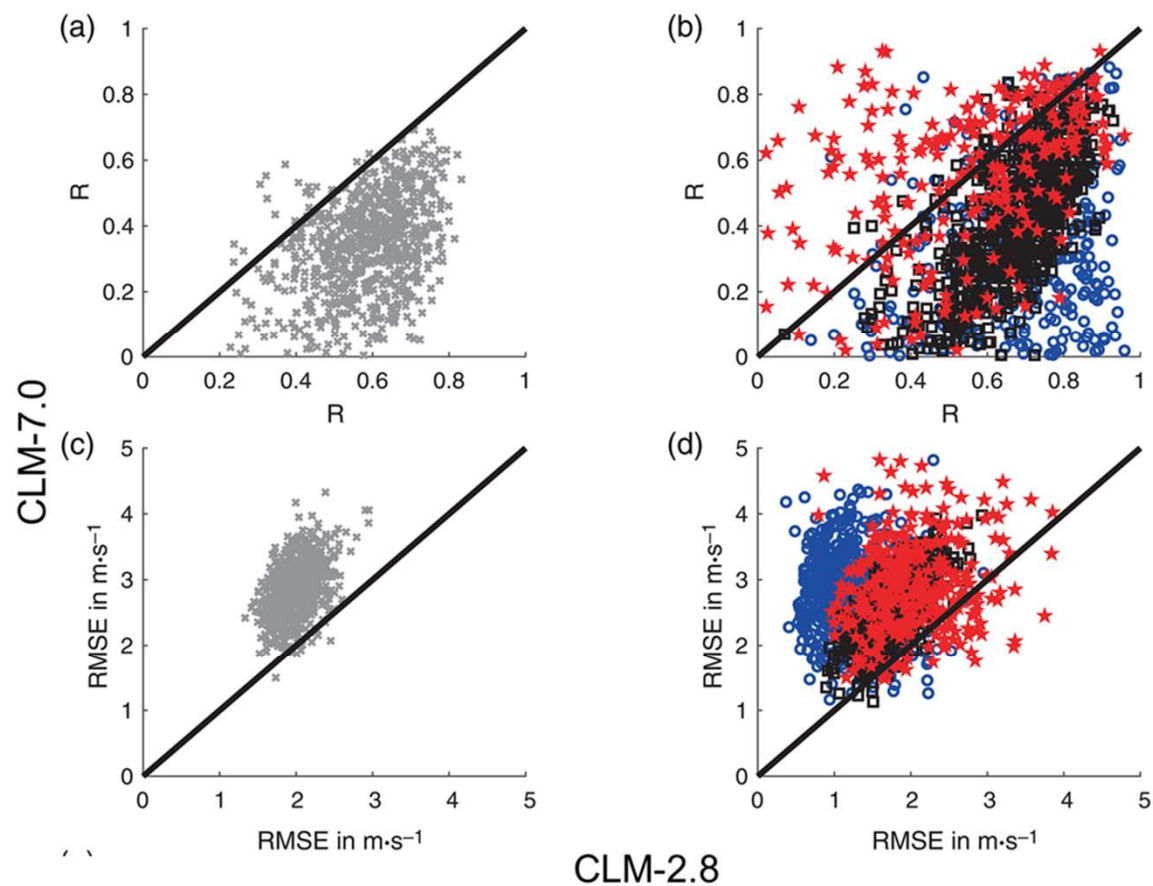
Latt et al. (2022)

1. Model evaluation



Latt et al. (2022)

1. Model evaluation

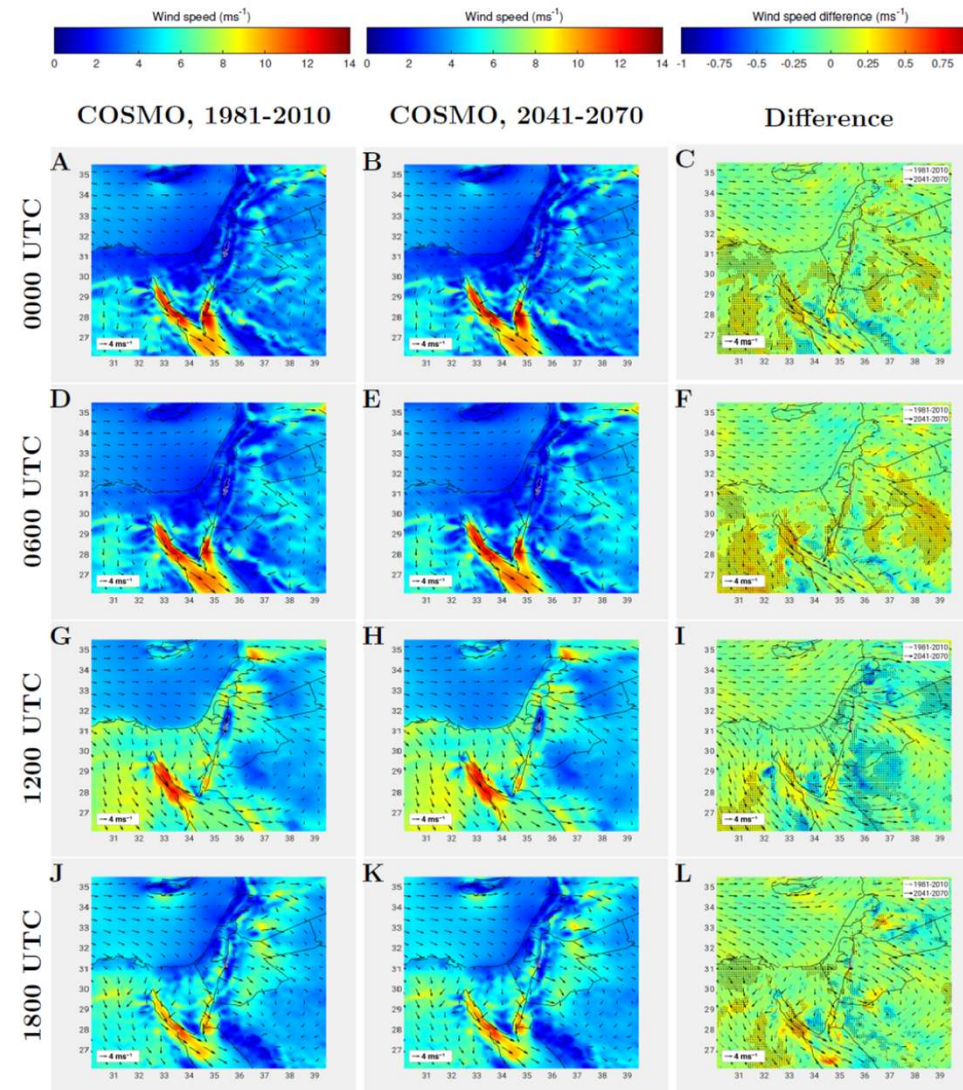


* All ● Mediterranean coast ■ Judean mountains ★ West coast Dead Sea



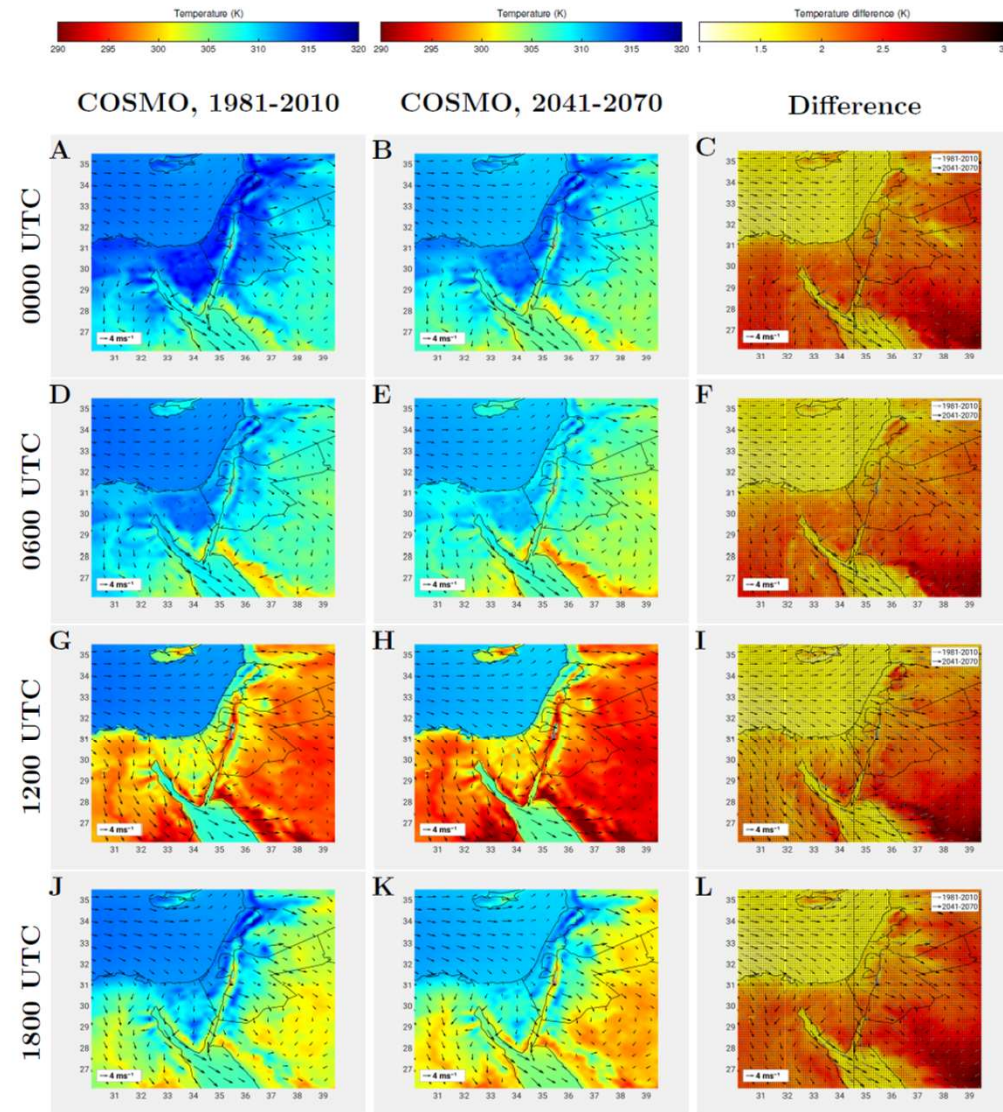
Latt et al. (2022)

1. Projected near surface winds



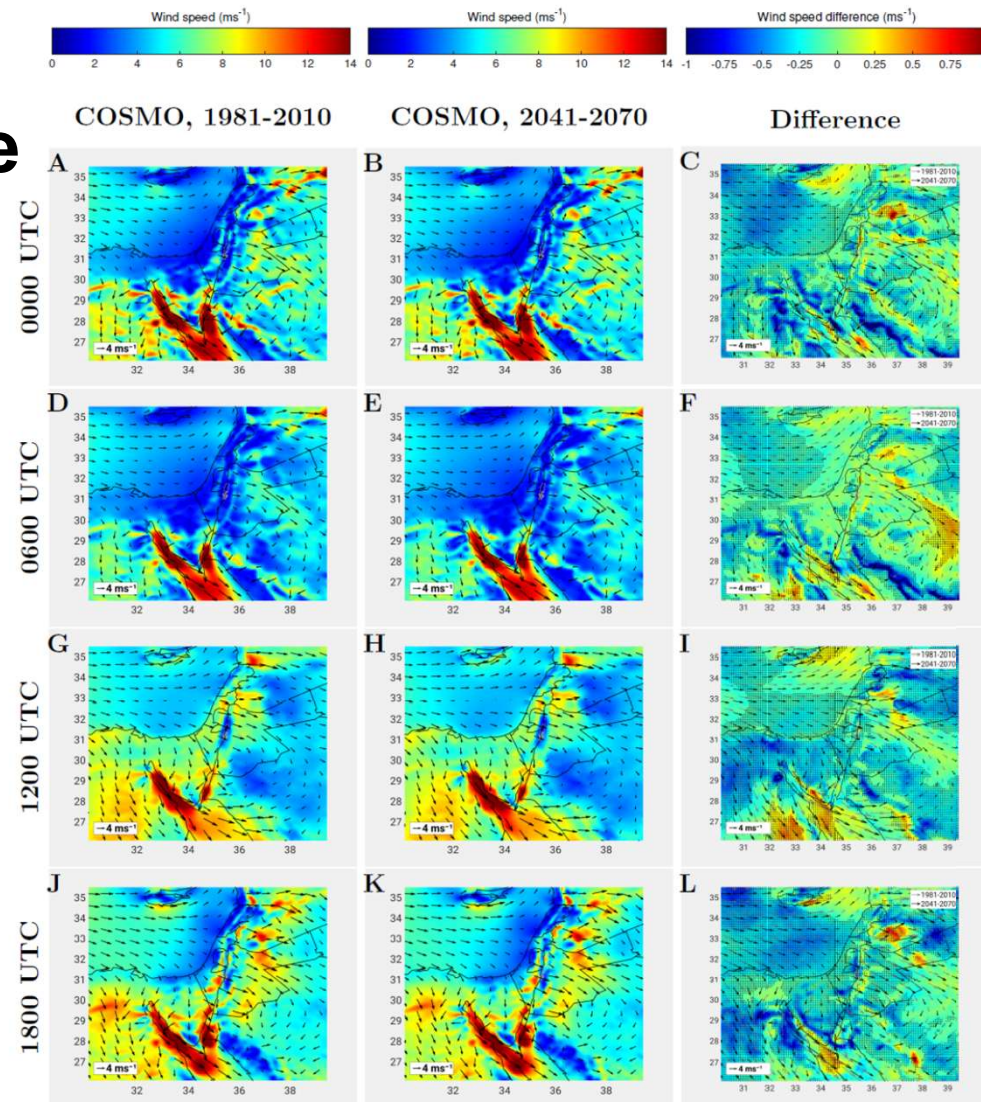
Latt et al. (2025)

1. Projected near surface temperature

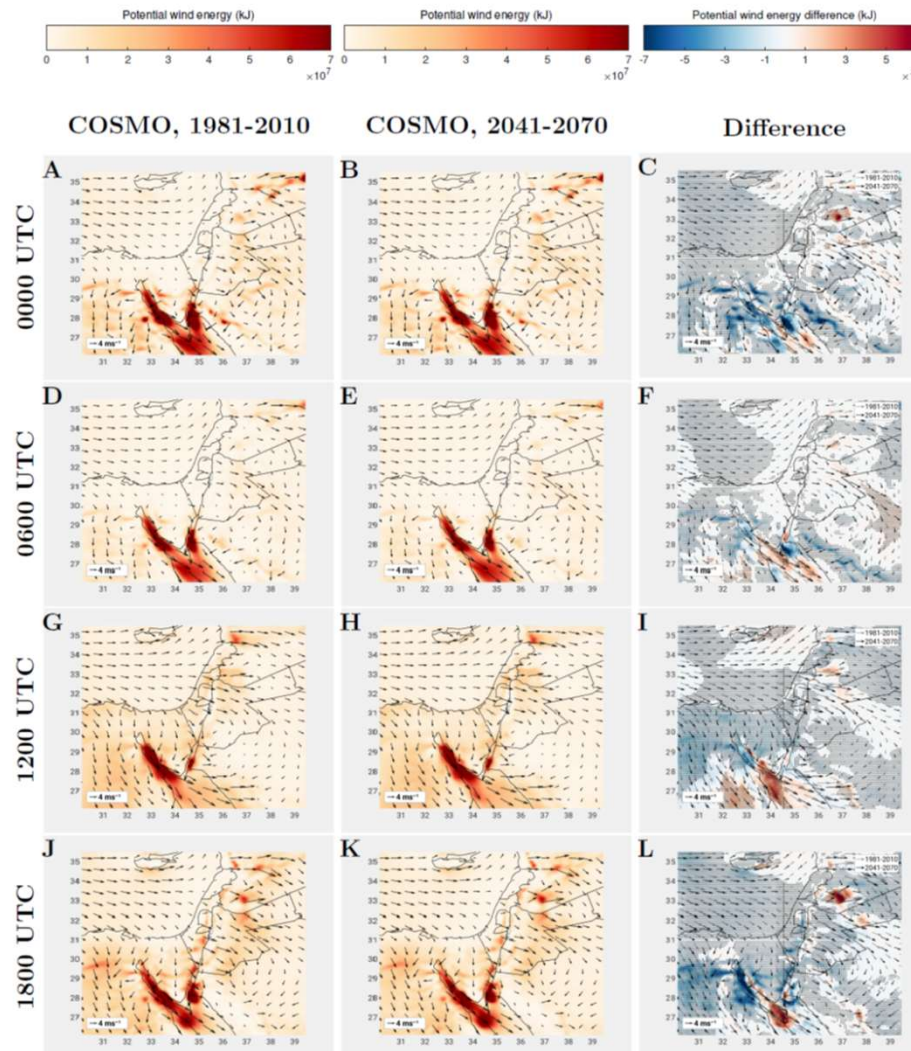


Latt et al. (2025)

1. Projected wind speed at the turbine height (150m).

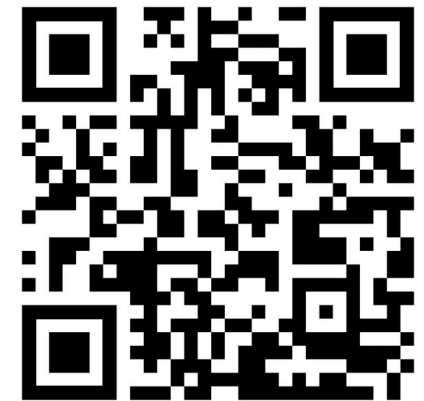
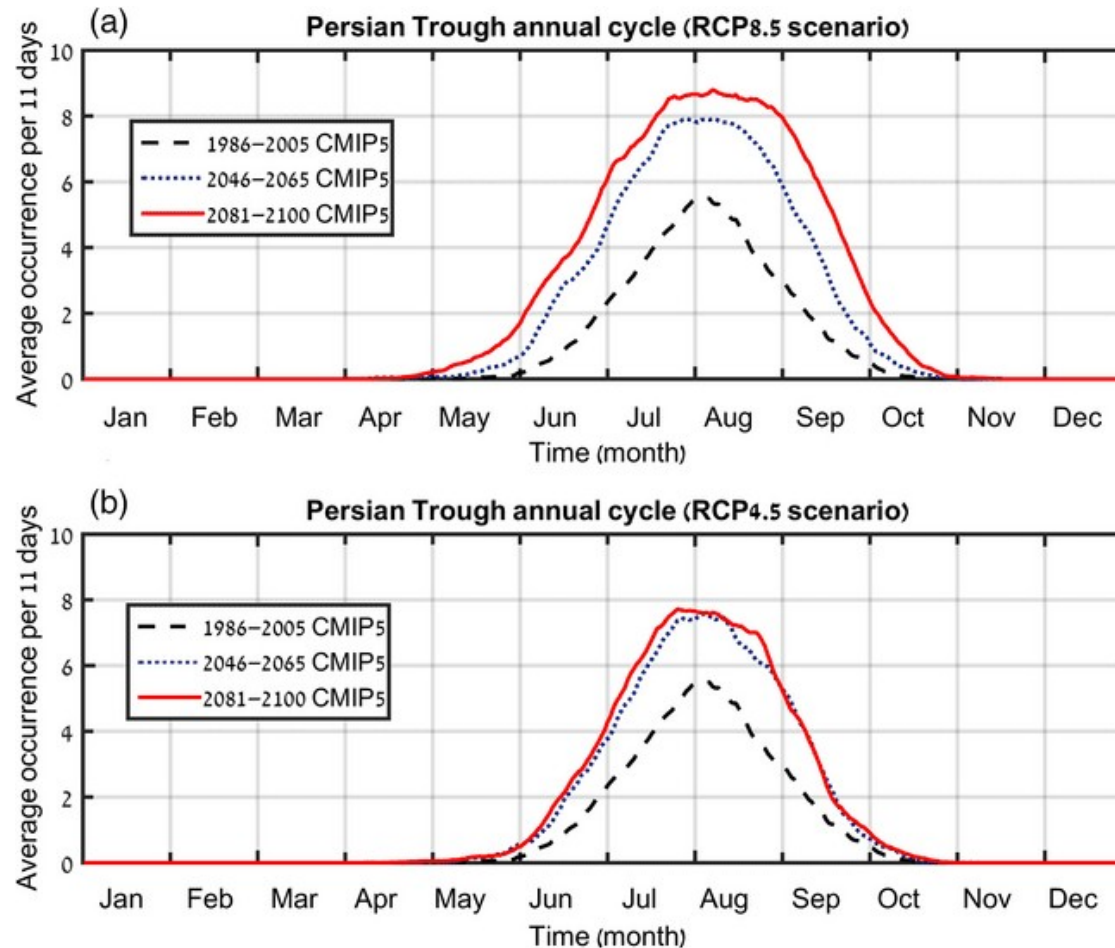


1. Projected wind power potential



Latt et al. (2025)

1. Projected changes in the frequency of the weak Persian Trough



Hochman et al. (2018)

Summary of 1



- There is added value in convection-permitting simulations of wind in the Eastern Mediterranean.
- Significant projected changes in wind speed during summer.
- A significant increase in wind speeds ($\sim 1\text{m/sec}$) near the surface and a decrease in wind energy potential at turbine height ($\sim -7\text{ GJ}$ in six hours).
- At the surface due to changes in temperature gradients between land and sea.
- At turbine height due to the increased frequency of the weak Persian Trough.

References



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